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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/043,989	01/09/2002	Michael D. Brown	057799-2001 (157450-0006)	8093
7590 08/28/2007 MARK L NIU IRELL & MANELLA LLP			EXAMINER	
			JOHNSON, GREGORY L	
840 NEWPORT CENTER DRIVE SUITE 400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
NEWPORT BE	EACH, CA 92660		3691	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
		•	08/28/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/043,989	BROWN ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	GREGORY JOHNSON	3691
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  18(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin  rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from  cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 Ja</u> 2a)□ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This     3)□ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims	•	
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Application Paners		•
Application Papers  9) ☑ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 09 January 2002 is/are:  Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Selion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1 Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/22/2002	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This is in response to the application filed on 09 January 2002. Claims 1-13 have been examined.

#### Priority.

2. The later-filed application must be an application for a patent for an invention which is also disclosed in the prior application (the parent or original non-provisional application or provisional application). The disclosure of the invention in the parent application and in the later-filed application must be sufficient to comply with the requirements of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112. See *Transco Products, Inc. v. Performance Contracting, Inc.*, 38 F.3d 551, 32 USPQ2d 1077 (Fed. Cir. 1994).

The disclosure of the prior-filed application, Application No. 60/337,758, fails to provide adequate support or enablement in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112 for one or more claims of this application 10/043,989.

The above-mentioned applications disclose different subject matter and inventors.

#### Oath/Declaration

3. The oath or declaration is defective. A new oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.67(a) identifying this application by application number and filing date is required. See MPEP §§ 602.01 and 602.02.

The oath or declaration is defective because:

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Applicant's claim for the benefit under Title 35, U.S.C. 119(e) of a United States provisional application is rejected. The applicants are not listed as an inventor on application number 60/337,758.

# Specification

4. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

Priority claim to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/337,758 is rejected.

The applicants are not listed as an inventor on application number 60/337,758.

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1, 7 and 13 recite the limitation "said death benefit" in the second paragraph of each claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claims. For purposes of applying prior art, the Examiner will interpret the term "death

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benefit" to represent the amount of money paid or due to be paid when a person insured under a life insurance policy dies.

Claims 2-6 and 8-12 are rejected for their dependency upon the above rejected claims.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 4-7 and 10-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sexton et al. (herein Sexton), Pat. No. 5,752,236.

As to claims 1 and 7, Sexton discloses a method and system of transferring wealth, comprising:

causing a transferee to purchase an insurance policy from an insurance seller on the life of an insured individual, said policy comprising a cash value and a term benefit (col.6, lines 62-68 and col. 7, lines 1-4);

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dividing ownership of said policy between said transferee and a transferor, wherein said transferee owns said cash value and said transferor owns said death benefit in said divided ownership (col. 4, lines 54-59; col. 6, lines 62-68; and col. 7, lines 1-4); causing said transferor to transfer wealth as premiums for at least said death benefit (col. 15, lines 9-18); and unifying ownership of said policy with said transferee (col. 1, lines 42-46; col. 6, lines 62-68; and col.7, lines1-4).

As to claims 4 and 10, Sexton discloses the method according to claim 1, wherein dividing is pursuant to a split-dollar agreement (col. 14, lines 65-67 and col. 15, lines 1-18).

As to claims 5 and 11, Sexton discloses the method according to claim 4, wherein said unifying is pursuant to cancellation of said split-dollar agreement (col. 1, lines 42-46; col. 6, lines 62-68; and col.7, lines1-4).

As to claims 6 and 12, Sexton discloses the method according to claim 1, wherein said transferee is a trust (col. 2, lines 48-54 and col. 15, lines 9-12).

As to claim 13, Sexton discloses a program product, comprising machinereadable program code (col. 20, claim 12) for causing a machine to perform the following method steps: Art Unit: 3691

causing a transferee to purchase an insurance policy from an insurance seller on the life of an insured individual, said policy comprising a cash value and a term benefit (col.6, lines 62-68 and col. 7, lines 1-4);

dividing ownership of said policy between said transferee and a transferor, wherein said transferee owns said cash value and said transferor owns said death benefit in said divided ownership (col. 4, lines 54-59; col. 6, lines 62-68; and col. 7, lines 1-4); causing said transferor to transfer wealth as premiums for at least said death benefit (col. 15, lines 9-18); and unifying ownership of said policy with said transferee (col. 1, lines 42-46; col. 6, lines

unifying ownership of said policy with said transferee (col. 1, lines 42-46; col. 6, lines 62-68; and col.7, lines1-4).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 9. Claims 2-3 and 8-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sexton et al. (herein Sexton), Pat. No. 5,752,236 in view of Kavanaugh, Pat. No. 6,950,805 B2.

As to claims 2-3 and 8-9, Sexton does not explicitly disclose a method of transferring wealth, comprising:
causing transferor to borrow a first loan from a lender, said first loan being sufficient to match said premiums for at least said death benefit; and causing said transferor to borrow a second loan from a lender, said second loan being sufficient to purchase an annuity, said annuity providing an annual benefit.

However, Kavanaugh teaches that borrowed money can be used to purchase annuity contracts and said contracts can be used to pay the initial cost of life insurance and ongoing life insurance premiums (col. 7, lines 3-12 and 25-37).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to include the aforementioned limitations as disclosed by Kavanaugh within Sexton for the motivation of funding life insurance policies using annuities to reduce and/or eliminate tax liability.

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#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to GREGORY JOHNSON whose telephone number is (571) 272-2025. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 8:30AM - 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, ALEXANDER KALINOWSKI can be reached on (571) 272-6771. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

GREGORY JOHNSON

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